

Energy transition beyond market and planning: the critical issue of cooperative architectures for innovative design

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#### The chair of Design Theory and Methods for Innovation



théorie et méthodes de la conception innovante

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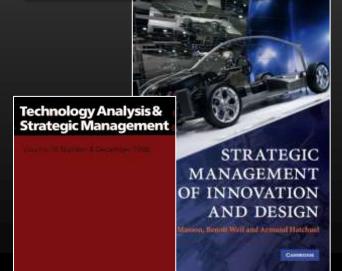




THALES



- IPDM conference, CIM community, EURAM,...
  - JPIM, TASM, CIM, RADMA,...



#### **Engineering Design**

- ICED, Design Society, SIG Design Theory...
  - RED, JED, CIRP,...







#### Sources

- Research program on design regimes (French National Research Agency ANR)
- Papers:
  - Agogué, M., Le Masson, P., et Robinson, D. K. R. (2012). "Orphan Innovation, or when path-creation goes stale: missing entrepreneurs or missing innovation?"
     Technology Analysis & Strategic Management, 24, (6), pp. 603-616.
  - Le Masson, P., Weil, B., Hatchuel, A., et Cogez, P. (2012). "Why aren't they locked in waiting games? Unlocking rules and the ecology of concepts in the semiconductor industry." *Technology Analysis & Strategic Management*, 24, (6), pp. 617-630.
  - Robinson, D. K. R., Le Masson, P., et Weil, B. (2012). "Waiting Games: innovation impasses in situations of high uncertainty." *Technology Analysis & Strategic Management*, 24, (6), pp. 543-548.
  - Agogué, M., Yström, A., et Le Masson, P. (2013). "Rethinking the Role of Intermediaries as an architect of collective exploration and creation fo knowledge in open innovation." *International Journal of Innovation Management*, 17, (2), pp. 24.



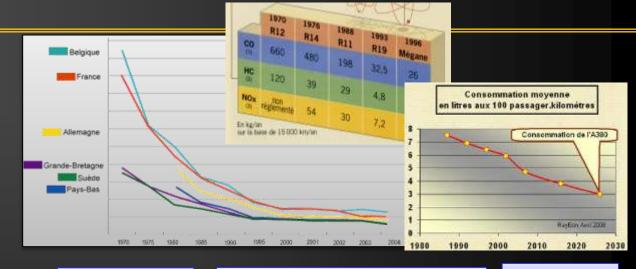
# Energy transition, beyond market and planning: cooperative architectures for innovative design

- Characterizing the transition challenge: shaping the unknown
- A paradigm shift in collective action: from decisionmaking to innovative design
- 3. Consequences: new firms and ecosystems organizations **cooperative architectures**
- Conclusion: public policies in transition from « incentives » policy to « capacity » policy



### Contemporary innovation: from planning and optimizing to...

- Stabilized valued, continuous improvement of performance
- Stabilized
   competences –
   technical schools,
   R-labs,...
- Industrial « filières »
- Value-chain
   (intégrator, OEM,
   1st tiers suppliers,
   2<sup>nd</sup> tiers...)



Aéronautic

Household applicances

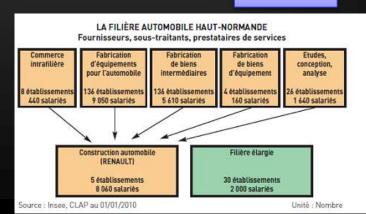
Railways

**Electronic** 

**Automotive** 

**Nuclear** 

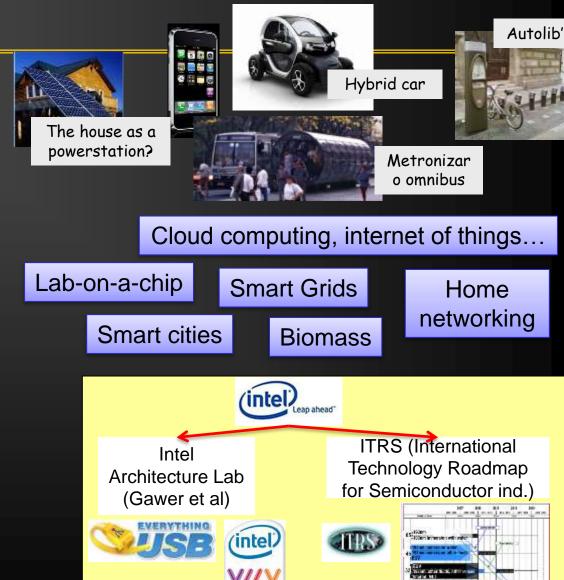
Agronomic





### Contemporary innovation: from planning and optimizing to... shaping the unknown

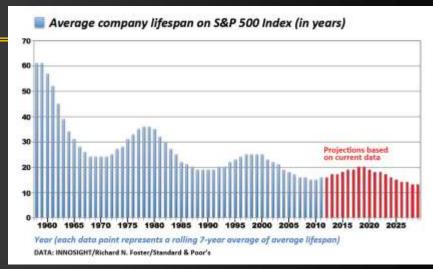
- Changing the identity of objects (conceptual breakthrough)
- Rule breaking / creation of new competences (tech & sciences)
- Rejuvenation / creation of industries
- Collaborative design: alliances, platforms, communities and consortia for innovation





#### Critical issues for expansion

- Fragile giants...
- (Innovation) bubbles hype and disappointment
- Limited success of incubators and start-ups
- Unsuccessful, costly innovations
- Orphan innovations (Agogué 2012)
- Forever technologies of the future



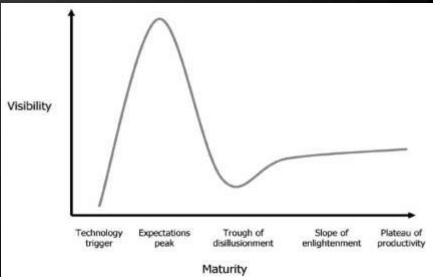
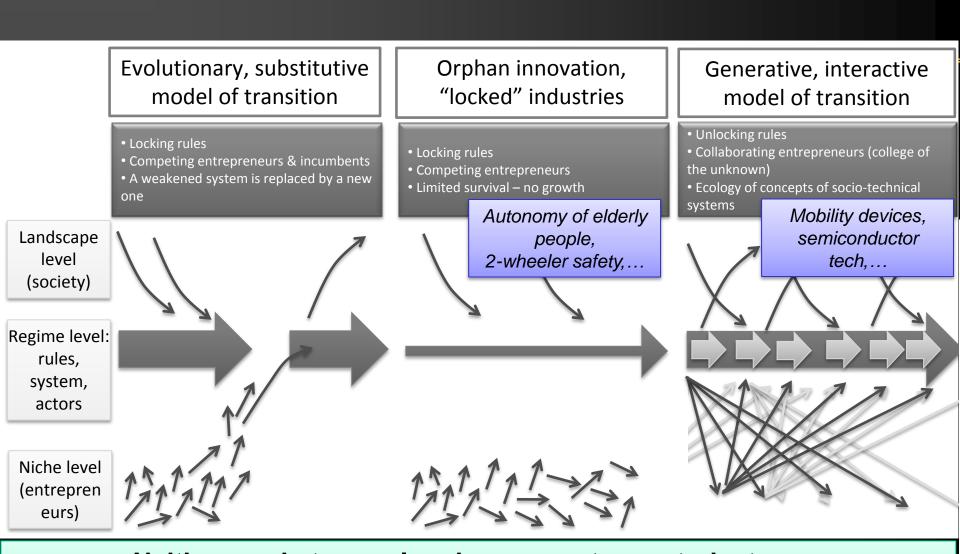


Figure 1. The Gartner Consultancy 'hype cycle'



#### Regime transition? Not only one trajectory...



Neither market, nor planning warranty one trajectory... How can we *manage* transition? Collectively?

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### Cognitive obstacles to collective expansion

- Open innovation, co-design, brainstorming, living lab...
- Is it efficient?

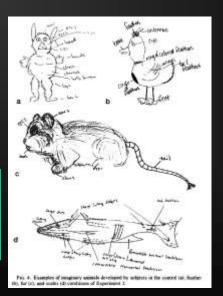
A « productivity gap » phenomenon in brainstorming!
Individual and collective cognitive causes

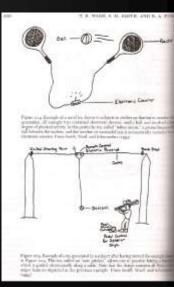
How to make a square by moving ONE match?

Cognitive fixation on « square »:

Square = geometrical shape

Square = mathematical operation (2x2)



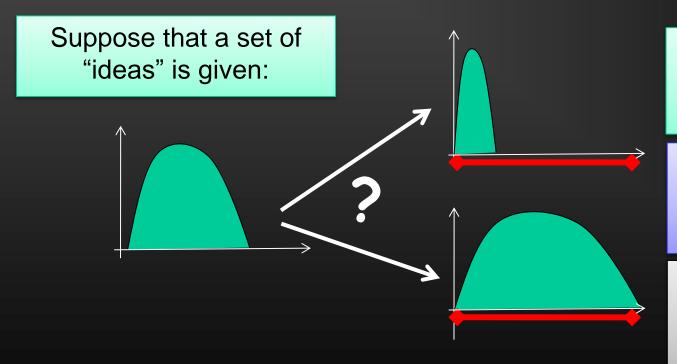




## A paradigm shift in collective action: from decision making to design

In the 50s : optimization capacity? → decision theory.

Today: expansion capacity? → design theory



Is there a bias? How to measure it?

If there is a bias, what are the causes?

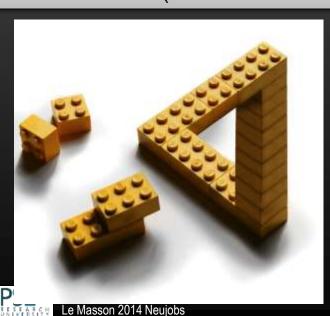
How can one overcome the bias?

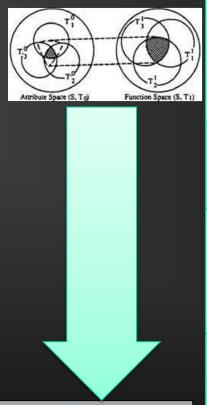


#### « Models of thought » : new design theories for expansive reasoning



Hatchuel, Le Masson, Reich and Weil 2011 ICED (reviewers favorite)





C-K theory

From the known to the

optimizing,

General design theory (Yoshikawa 1981)

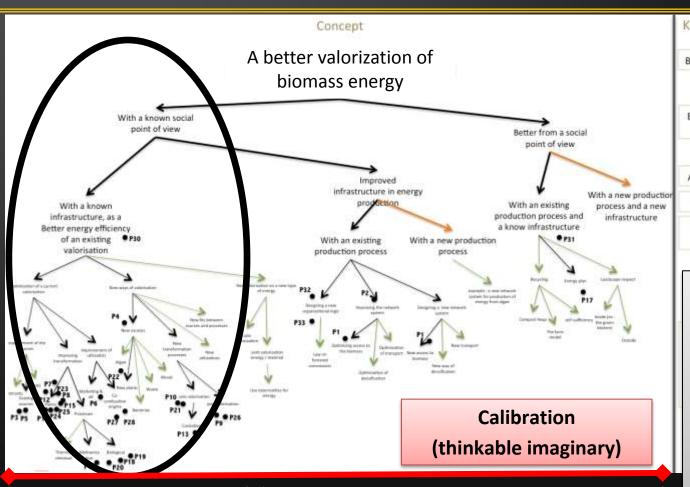
Axiomatic Design (Suh 1988)

Coupled design Process (Braha & Reich 2001)

Infused Design (Reich & Shai 2001)

C-K theory (Hatchuel & Weil 2002) Agogué et al. 2012)

### One example: identify fixations in biomass enery with C-K theory



Biomass

Treating raw material

Evaluating raw material

Using raw material

Arbitration food / energy

Valorisation

Type of energy

Using biomass energy

Neither a market issue, nor a planning issue..
But cognitive issue! ->
Organize to expand collectively?

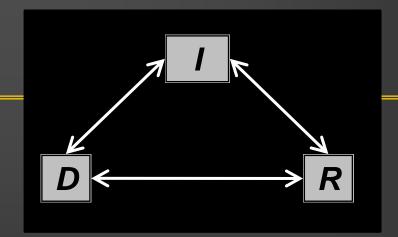
Restrictive reasoning (optimization)

**Expansive reasoning** 

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#### From R&D to RID

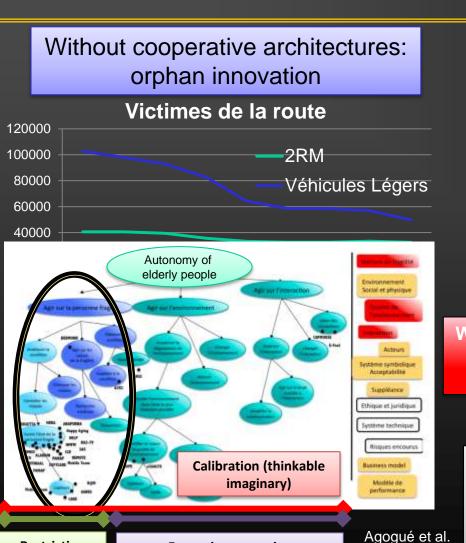
- New methods,
- New organizations
- New strategies (the design of generic technologies → see CFE project)



But the firm alone can not overcome all innovative design issues

new
ecosystems?

### Cooperative architectures for innovative design



With cooperative archiecture: expansion & growth

Brevets « chanvre & construction »

FR Patents on Hemp and construction

6 4 2

1980-1984 1985-1989

Without: only one path explored

12

With cooperative archi: creation of multiple paths

Hemp for middle age houses restoration

Hemp beton, hemp for roofs, for walls, hemp coating, multifunctions (weight, isolation, hygro-inertia,...); with new processes; for bricks,...

Restrictive reasoning

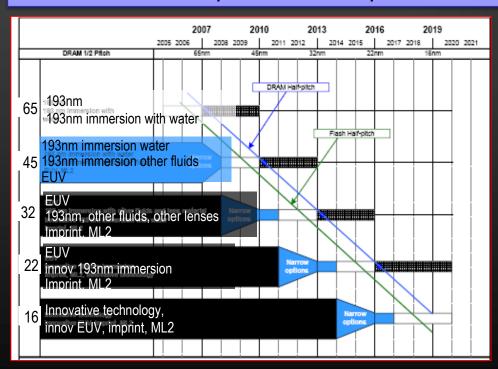
**Expansive reasoning** 

Agogue e 2012)

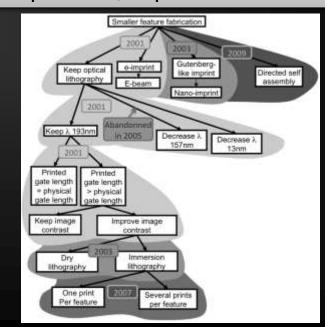
ITRS, International
Technology
Roadmap for
Semiconductors

### Cooperative architecture to address Moore's law: ITRS

- Involve the whole industry every 4 months
- Free map of all the « unknown », needed technologies: open agenda of innovations!
- « We are not picking winners or losers » NOT planning a single path → NOT decision, but cooperation for expansion



Example photolithography -> cooperative, expansive reasoning





### The logic of cooperative architecture for innovative design

Cooperation of innovative designers (firms, labs, users,...) to expand « common

unknown »

- Larger set of concepts, increase defixation
- Improved methods at the archi level
- Improve innovative design capacities inside companies
- Limit false expectations
- Better risk management at the ecosystem level
- Open to new partners

Variety of forms: « pôles », NGOs, professional associations, (some) research labs, schools, universities,...























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### Characterizing the capacities needed for transition

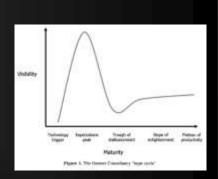
	Optimization and its risks	Innovative design
Reasoning	Decision- optimization → fixation	Expansion
Organization	R&D → no regeneration	RID
Governance	Asset mgt → « low hanging fruits »	Growth
Ecosystem	Value chain → orphan innov, self-destruction	Cooperative architecture

What kind of public policy for innovative design?



#### Risks of an « incentive » public policy

	Optimization and its risks	Innovative design	Incentives policy?
Reasoning	Decision- optimization → fixation	Expansion	Fixation ++
Organization	R&D → no regeneration	RID	Only delay collapse?
Governance	Asset mgt → « low hanging fruits »	Growth	Perverse incentives
Ecosystem	Value chain → orphan innov, self-destruction	Cooperative architecture	Speculative bubbles



- « Incentive » public policy: support to entrepreneurs, to research,...
- → Not adapted to innovative design and transition
- → And even risky



## L'enjeu de politiques « capacitaires »

	Optimization and its risks	Innovative design	Incentives policy?	Capacity policy?
Reasoning	Decision- optimization → fixation	Expansion	Fixation ++	Education
Organization	R&D → no regeneration	RID	Only delay collapse?	« Innovation quality » norms
Governance	Asset mgt → « low hanging fruits »	Growth	Perverse incentives	Innovation report
Ecosystem	Value chain → orphan innov, self-destruction	Cooperative architecture	Speculative bubbles	Design referentials

#### Today? Some examples

- Education? See companies (Thales,...), univ (Stanford,...)
- Organization? Innovative design, routinized process in some companies
- New governance? See SPE, B-Corp,... (Levillain 2014)
- New ecosystems? See Fraunhofer, chinese incubators,...
- German ecosystem: companies are not alone in front of innovation!
- Powerful design experts: Fraunhofer Institutes
  - ✓ 2MM€ turnover
  - √ 22 000 people
  - √ 66 instituts
  - ✓ Autonomous innovative design policies at the ecosystem level



